LAND.

IMPORTATIONS BY J. B. HAGGIN, J. R. KEENE. MARCUS DALY AND TATTERSALL'S-THE

A valuable consignment of thoroughbred horses ar rived in this city yesterday afternoon on board the rived in time transport Line steamship Mohawk, from Atlantic Transport Line steamship Mohawk, from London. The lot consisted of about sixty head of yearlings, mares and stallions, consigned to James R. Keene, J. B. Haggin, Marcus Daly and Tattersall's. A large crowd of horsemen were on the pier at West Twenty-seventh-st., awaiting the arrival of the Mohawk, and when she had swung into her dock and on made fast there was a rush aboard to inspect est importations of horseflesh. The consignbreeding establishment, is as follows:

ch, ch. c., 1889, by Ormende, dam Thistle, Cress, br. h., 1889, by Springfield, dam Wharfe. Golden Garter, ch. c. 1888, by Ben D'Or, dam Sanda, Boule de Nerge, 1888, by Donovan, dam Guelder, by C. 1888, by Pionevan, dam Guelder, Bar Ruby, b. h., 1802, by Hampton, dam Ornament,

J. R. Keene's consignment is: R. Keene's consignment is:

f. by Hampton, dam Dancing Master; b. f., by Wisdam Faustine, ch. e. by Surefoot, dam Stephanotis; by Galiliard, dam Royal Nun; br. f., by Hawkestone, Biston, b. f., by Hampton, dam Dimity; ch. f., by rach dam Cerito; b. f., by Royal Hampton, dam Belle; ch. c. by Friar's Ealsam, dam Mavourneen; b. f., Retreat, dam Marsa; ch. f., by Anthion, dam Maid of set; b. f., by St. Serf, dam Lady Gay; b. f., by St. dam Cinderella; twin colts, by Galilard, dam Dutch

Keene's consignment also included twentyfour superb mares, all of which are in foal. Here names of the mares and the stallions they to Surefoot, Distaff to St. Stephorient, Maid of Dorset to Gallopin, Marsa to Goldfinch to Royal Hampton, Cerito to Pepper and Mayourneen to Amphion, Belle Rose to Enterprise phanotis to Gold, Dimity to Sheen, Mere Hill to Martagon, Citronella to Sheen, Dancing Water to Orvito, Catharine II to Sheen, Royal Gem to Merry Hampton, Lucile to Marden, Lucy Light to Gervas and Princess Caroline to Prince Fitz-

The lot consigned to Marcus Daly consists of sever yearlings, three coits and four filles. The sires of the coits are Hampton, Breadknife and St. Galon; and of the fillies, Kendal, Fernandez, Friar's Balsam and Galliard.

The horses all arrived in good condition with the exception of one of the consignment to Tatter-

Those who appreciated the horses, among whom as Mr. Keene, were pleased at their condition. that attracted the greatest attention and the closest scrutiny was Goldfinch, the magchestnut stallion, by Ormonde-Thistle ington to a friend in this city concerning Goldfinch:

ington to a friend in this city concerning Goldfinch:

I promise you that the most perfect specimen of the thoroughbred you ever looked over will arrive on the Mohawk-Goldfinch, by Ormonde, dam Thiste. What a beauty he is! I am delighted beyond measure that this grand specimen of a thoroughbred has been brought to our shores. I predict for him the greatest success ever achieved by a sire in this or any other country. Think of it-by Ormonde, winner of the Triple Event, and sold by Lord Alington to Sir Blundell Maple for 15,000 guineas and retired to the stud as a three-year-old. What a royal lineage! He must stand about 16½ hands, a beautiful on the mose. If, as I hear, the price paid for him was 4,00 guineas, he is the cheapest horse ever sold in the world. His list ought to fill at \$1,000 service and keep full until death. If he does not stand at the head of the American stud in five years I will eat him or my prediction.

Speaking of the others, Colonel Ochiltree wrote:

The whole consignment received the most favor-

to the country, excepting, of course, such

nent, the dam of Star Ruby, is a full sister nsigned to Marcus Daly, is a full sister to Star Actress. The colt by St. Galon, dam Petticoat, of the same lot, was also greatly admired. The hopress will be kept East until fully recuperated from their sea voyage, and then shipped. Goldfinch will so to join Salvator at Mr. Haggin's Rancho del Paso, as will all but two of the others of his consignment. With the addition of Goldfinch to Darebin, Sir Modred and Maxim, Mr. Haggin stands at the head of the list of American horsemen who have imported thoroughbreds to this country.

Mr. Keene's horses, in charge of Major Dangerfield, will go to Kentucky, and in September Marcus Daly's lot will be sent to his Bitter Root farm in Montana.

Springfield—Wharfedale, who is of great bone and splendid conformation, except that he is a bit slack in the quarters, would, if led into the show ring to compete with Goldfinch, press him closely for the

CAUGHT AFTER A YEAR'S CHASE.

William McKay Hoge, a commission merchant, fifty years old, of No. 168 Clinton-ave., Brooklyn, was locked up in the West Thirtieth-st, station last night charged with larceny and obtaining goods under false representations. Hoge was arrested at Shelter Island earlier in the day by Policeman Patrick Fay, of the Essex Market Court Squad. On May 18, Max G. Cohn, a jeweller, at No. 11 John-st., applied to Justice Koch for a warrant for Hoge's arrest, saying that the latter had secured from him, upon false representations, a quantity of jeweiry, which he (Hoge) had sold for \$502. A warrant was placed in the hands of Policeman Fay, who was unable to find his man until yesterday. The prisoner had no money on him when searched. The goods were obtained, it is alleged, in last September. The prisoner will be arraigned in the Essex Market Court this morning. applied to Justice Koch for a warrant for Hoge's

BI-JUDGE HILTON TO BUILD AT ELBERON Long Branch, N. J., Aug. 19.-Ex-Judge Henry of New-York, who has been summering at Saratoga this season, and who owns some valuat Saratoga this season, and arrived here this able property south of Elberon, arrived here this week. He anticipates building a magnificent cottage on his property, which is located along Oceanave, this fall, which will cost at least \$100,000. The ex-Judge will spend some time with his son at West End, who is occupying the A. J. Drexel cot-

CLOSE OF A SOLDIERS REUNION.

Caldwell, Ohlo, Aug. 19 .- On account of the heavy rains last night and this morning the closing day of the soldiers' reunion did not reach the expectations of the managers. The forenoon exercises were held under roofs. Dr. Ainsile, of Baltimore, delivered an address in the Presbyterian Church, and D. Bicksley, of Wheeling, W. Va., preached to a large audience in the City Hall. The afternoon exercises were held on the camp grounds, where hundreds of people gathered to hear Dr. Smith, of Columbus, and Dr. Zollars.

SUFFERING FROM A PEST OF GRASSHOPPERS Hornellsville, N. Y., Aug. 19.—The central portion of New-York State is alarmed over the invasion of grasshoppers. Buckwheat, potatoes and beans have been destroyed. Onts have been cut green to save them from the destroying pests. Cattle are suffer-ing from lack of pasturage, because the hoppers have destroyed almost every vestige of green grass.

LOOKING FOR A RUNAWAY SISTER.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 19.-J. Stanley, of Selma, was in town to-day in search of his sister, Alls, who left her home in anger with her parents tothed. She drew \$400 from the bank and disappeared. She was traced to Philadelphia, Baltimore, Cincinati and Indianapolis, but the indications now are that she went on to St. Louis. Her family stands high socially in Selma. Her lover is aiding in the search.

Flint's Fine Furniture. REMOVAL.

ally extend an invitation to the grand

OPENING

of their new stores,

43, 45 and 47 West 23rd Street,

where a full line of the choicest designs in furniture, &c., ever produced will be on exhibition for inspection by the public-

ENTRIES FOR THE CONTESTS OF THE TROTTERS.

A FINE PROGRAMME FOR THE RACES OF THE

Following are the programme and entries for th Grand Circuit Trotting meeting at Fleetwood Park, September 3 to 8. The list is the largest and best ever received by the New-York Driving Club, and the prospects point to a better meeting than that of

G. O. Taylor, b. g.
Third race—Fleetwood Purse, \$3,000; 2:20 class; trotting Gretchen, 2:17, b. m.; Marguerite, 2:20%, br. m.; Loughern W. 2:17%, b. g.; Allee Wilkes, 2:17%, b. m. Loughern W. 2:17%, b. m.; Miss McGregor, 2:19%, b. m.; Miss McGregor, 2:19%, b. m.; Charlie Green, 2:19%, ch. g.; Dodgevife, 2:15, b. g. Strontia, 2:15%, gr. g.; Artilla, 2:20, br. m.; Navidad, 2:22%, b. g.; Glycera, 2:20%, b. m.; Mary Best, 2:12%, ch. m.; Less Wilkes, 2:11%, b. m.; Ruby, 2:17%, br. m.; Amboy, 2:13%, ch. g.; Aunt Dellah, 2:12%, b. m.; Ora, 2:10%, br. m.

SECOND DAY-TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4.

First race—Good Cheer Purse, \$3,000; 2:14 class; trotting, Medio, 2:14½, b. s.; Kentucky Union, 2:13½, ch. m., San Fedro, 2:14½, b. g.; Bellini, 2:13¼, b. s.; Panny Wilcox, 2:13¼, b. m.; Miss Lida, 2:13½, b. m.; Oro Wilkes, 2:11, bl. s.; Charlie C., 2:15¼, gr. g.; Instant, 2:14¼, b. m.; Sprague Golddust, 2:15¼, br. s.; Silicon, 2:13½, b. m.; Jenny K., 2:15½, b. m.; Edenia, 2:13½,

Fourth race; 2:14 class; pacing; purse \$1,500. Ben D., 2:135, ch. g.; Raven, 2:144, bl. m.; Whisper, 2:14, ch. m.; Subscriber, 2:144, br. a.; Foggy, 2:134, b. g.; Smith, 2:134, br. a.; Nelly F., 2:164, b. m.; Moubars, 2:164, bl. s.; Bullment, 2:134, gr. g.; H. J. Rockwell, 2:134, bs. s.; Fank Dortch, 2:154, gr. g.; Sterline, 2:144, ch. s.; Ella Eddy, 2:164, b. m.; Rokeby, 2:135, br. a.; Doc Sperry, 2:144, br. s.

POURTH DAY, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 6. Second race—Procession Purse, \$2,000; two-year-olds; 500 class; trotting (closed with fifteen entries).
Third race—2:27 class; trotting; purse \$1,500 (closed

FIFTH DAY, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 7 First race—216 class; trotting; purse \$2,009. Norhawk, 2:154; b. m.; Jesse Hanson, 2:154; Charlie C., gr. g., 2:154; Kingwood, 2:174, b. g.; Count Robert, 2:154; b. s.; Claymore, 2:174, b. g.; Arena, 2:154; b. s.; Miss McGregor, 2:194, b. m.; Judge Austin, 2:164, gr. g.; Abbie V., 2:164, James L., 2:164; b. g.; Expressive, 2:154, b. m.; Myrtle R., 2:154, b. m.; Roselcaf, 2:154, br. m.
Sexpid race, 2:16, also, a Second race-2:10 class; pacing; purse \$1,500. Lucille, L. 2:125, b. m.; Paul, 2:095, ch. g.; Daisy de Spain, 112, gr. m.; Major Wonder, 2:00%, b. g.; Alvan Swift, 13%, br. s.; John R. Gentry, 2:00%, b. s.; Tom Webster, 14%, b. s.

class; trotting closed with nine entries). I.
Leo Wilkes, b. a., by Red Wilkes, dam Dictator Girl,
by Dictator—S. Walton, Falls Milis, Va.; 2. Lizzie H., b.
m., by Wincoski, dam by Walkill Chief-George Hennessy, New-York; 3. Blue Boy, ro. s., by Bell Boy, dam
Hitse Bonnet, by Maccey's Hambletonian—T. H. Dobson,
Penn, Penn.; 4. Anson, b. g., by Park's Volunteer, dam
by Rough and Ready—John Balley, Syracuse, N. Y.

OBITUARY.

FREDERICK JANSEN.

Frederick Jansen, superintendent of the Knickerbocker Steamboat Company, died yesterday at his home, No. 255 Jefferson-ave., Brooklyn. His death was due to inflammation of the brain. Jansen was forty-five years old, and was born in Ulster County. He had lived in Brooklyn for a number of years, and had been superintendent of the Annex boats from the time they began to run-about a dozen years ago. He also had charge of the excursion steamboats Grand Republic and General Slocum, which are owned by the Knickerbocker Steamboat Company, in which he was one of the stockholders. He left a wife and one daughter. The funeral will take place to-morrow.

THE REV. CHARLES SIEBENPFEIFFER

Rochester, N. Y., Aug. 19.-The Rev. Charles Rochester, N. 1., Aug. 12.—148 Rev. Charles Seibenpfeiffer, former pastor of Salem Church, in this ciy, died at his home here to-day, aged sixty-two years. He was president of the German Evan-gelical Synod of North America in 1853, and stood high in the councils of his denomination.

COLONEL ELISHA P. JENNETT.

Montpeller, Vt., Aug. 19.-Colonel Elisha P. Jen nett died at his home here this noon. He was born in Lebanon, N. H., ninety-three years ago, and came to Montpeller when young. At the time of his death he was the oldest citizen in town. He was a member of the firms of Hubbard & Jennett and the per of the firms of Hubbard & Jennett and the Jennett & Howes Mercantile Business Agency. He was very wealthy. He was one of the promoters of the Central Vermont Railroad, also one of the organizers of the old Bank of Montpeller, being a director of the bank for more than fifty years. He was elected State Treasurer in 1846, and a Presi-dential Elector in 1872.

MIKE" DONOVAN'S LIVELY NIGHT IN LONDON "Mike" Donovan, the ex-champion middle-weight pugilist, who is the athletic instructor of the New-York Athletic Club, arrived from London on the Mo hawk yesterday. Mr. Donovan had a taste of Lon-don hospitality that he is not likely to forget. He visited Ireland, and on his return to London from Dublin went to "Pony" Moore's Washington Gar-dens. While he was going back to his hotel from Moore's place, his cabman pulled up at one of the cabmen's shelters and Donovan got out to buy a cup of coffee. As soon as he was inside the shelter sev-eral burly cabmen began to jostie and crowd him, and he saw that he was in a dangerous position. Somebody struck him from behind, and he started in to defend himself against big odds.

The place was narrow, and a half dozen of the Britons who adorn the cabs in the city of fog and smoke made a united attack on "the blarsted Hasmoke made a united attack on "the blarsted Hamerican beggar." The boxing instructor gave them a sort of a Bunker Hill surprise, and at the end he had only one person left to fight, the man in charge of the shelter, who received a few straightarm punches and upper-cuts. Although Donovan was the victor and remained in possession of the field of battle, the enemy despoiled him of his watch and some of his money, besides giving him several marks and bumps on his face and body. A policeman who came up after the fight was over refused to listen to Donovan, but heard the story of the men in charge of the shelter. At the police station Mr. Donovan was exonerated from all blame, but his watch and money were not recovered.

KILLED BY A BOILER EXPLOSION.

La Porte, Ind., Aug. 19.-At Medaryville, Pulaski County, yesterday, two men lost their lives by the explosion of the boiler of a thrashing machine. August Sitkey, the engineer, was scalded to death, and John Cox was killed by flying pieces of the wrecked boiler. Peter Cox received injuries which may prove fatal.

POLISH COUNTERFEITERS ARRESTED.

Chicago, Aug. 19.-Detectives to-day arrested four expert counterfeiters who have been flooding the city for several weeks with spurious silver coin, nounce to their patrons the removal of their business August 22d, and cordiwere storekeepers and saloon-keepers. One of the detectives discovered Rosinenvitch paying for drinks with some of the "queer" dollars, and with the aid of other officers ran down the rest of the gang. Strankewicz had a little jewelry store as a bill for his part of the business—plating bad money to make it passable.

DEATH OF MRS. R. M. BLATCHFORD.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 19.—Mrs. R. M. Blatchford, who stepmother of the late Judge Samuel Blatchford, who died here just about a year ago, died at 9 o'clock last evening, having been stricken with apoplexy a last evening, having been stricken with apoplexy a last evening.

WORK OF THE STEWARDS AT THE SMALL ER TRACKS.

insurmountable difficulties. The stewards have furlessly involved in fraudulent racing by their owr be rid of their presence as soon as their cases are schoolgirl when he says that it is really a great blessing that the stewards at the small meetings know, as it relieves us of the scandal and the com-ments of the press. It is not good policy to create

race on; so why should anybody that is out for the money care what the Jockey Club does? I wish they would rule me off to-morrow."

The foregoing is braggadocio of the rankest sort.

The man is likely to have his wish gratified next week. His deluded followers will find that the public are a unit for honest racing, and that or cupation is ruined forever.

When wealthy turfmen like James B. Haggin,

Marcus Daly and James R. Keene import such a valuable consignment of horses for breeding purposes as the lot that arrived on the Mohawk from England yesterday, it plainly shows that with se much money invested the leading horseowners throughout the country will unite to protect their interests from the machinations of the horde of "tin horn" gamblers who are endeavoring to throt-AFFAIRS WHICH SHOULD BE SUPPRESSED

Pleatete light racing and the Whitestone Flushround, catchpenny, poolroom, blind racing, should be promptly suppressed by the turf authorities themselves. Every person associated with such disgraceful, disreputable, corrupt racing dives should be ruled off the turf individually and col-

the world. Whenever their bluff is called by a de-termined man like Dr. Parkhurst, for instance, they cringe and crawl in the most humble manner, and as a rule collapse completely when brought before the tribunal of justice. To many intelligent persons it has always been a mystery that the men who have the most at stake permit the tat-toced element on the turf to conduct the greater part of the racing. The public would surely pa-tronize a track conducted by men in whom they have confidence. Every man associated with the management should be young, active and alive to the necessities of the times. The prejudices of fity years condensed in one man do not conduce to a calm, judicial decision when that man is called upon to sit in judgment on turf questions of im-

its volume. The racegoers have advanced with the

bookmakers in turf knowledge, and to quote the average bookmaker, the calling is looked upon as a "hard game."

Michael F. Dwyer met two serious reverses through the successive defeats of Stonenell by Glenmoyne and Dobbins by Dorian. The famous plunger bet thousands upon thousands on both contests, as he thought the races were both haif won when the matches were made. Mr. Dwyer is not yet satisfied that Glenmoyne can vanquish Stonenell, so that on Wednesday there will be another race between them at six furlongs. Stonenell will carry Ilis pounds to Glenmoyne's Ilis pounds; consequently a close and exciting contest is predicted.

There was much to cause dissatisfaction at Jerone Park last week. There were some terribly bad starts and some very good ones. Some of the

hope in the future of racina.

The daily accounts of the Saratoga races are so conflicting that it is difficult to arrive at a conclusion as to the merits of racing there compared with that at Jerome Park. From one source it appears that Riley Grannan and an actress have won several million dollars since the meeting began. Perhaps Grannan intends to forsake the turf and go in for histrionic honors, and is being advertised gratultously for that purpose. Of course, the plunging actress will either become the victim of an extensive diamond robbery, in addition to her turf winnings, or clee she will go abroad and have a play written expressly for her, with realistic characters selected from the "social dukes" who attend the races as

from the social dukes where the control of the social dukes when the control of the season. Some of them have not forgotten, nor is it likely that they ever will forgive that unfortunate start.

nor is it likely that they ever will forgive that unfortunate start.

Everything indicates that the coming meeting at the Sheepshead Bay track will be the banner meeting of the ever-popular Coney Island Jockey Club. Superintendent Clarke attended the races at Jerome Park on Friday. He said: "I believe that the track, grounds and buildings at Sheepshead will be in better shape than ever before when the meeting begins. There is a large force of men at work every day, and no pains will be spared to insure the comfort of every patron of the Coney Island Jockey Club." Many of the leading stables will leave Saratoga for Sheepshead Bay this week.

JEROME PARK ENTRIES FOR TO-DAY.

First race—One mile; selling. Roller 116, Jack Rose 116, trab 113, Topgallant 106, Terrapin 103, Bandit 103, Con-

econd race—Five and a half furiongs, Doggett 114, Dixon, Jr., 108, Owiet 108, Magnetis colt 107, Han-1 107, Hallstone 100, Ettarre 100, Enama 100, Valkyrie Fencer 95. Third race—One mile and a sixteenth Merry Monarch 114, Bassethaw 112, Roche 112, Bandit 111, Stonenellie 1st, Star Actress 96.

Fourth race-Five and a half furlongs; maidens. Sunight filly 101, Monotony 101, Helvina 101, Sun Dart 101,

Fifth race.-Titan course; selling, Prig 112, Armitage 107, Drum Major 102, Charter 29, McIntyre 39, Mic-Mac Queen 27, Miss Galop 27. Queen 97, Miss Galop 97.

Sixth race—Six furlongs; selling, Sam Weller 112,
Adelbert 112, Honaventure 169, Hest Brand 168, Vespasian 168, barkness 168, Speculation 169, My Gyps 167,
Governor Sheehan 165, Kentucky Lady 163, Repetition 162, Relecca 162, Rowett filly 162.

FEET-WASHING AT EGOLF'S WOODS.

Spring City, Penn., Aug. 19.-The quaint ceremony spring City, Penn., Aug. 13.—1ne quaint ceremony of feet-washing was the great feature at the Men-nonite Brethren's camp-meeting in Egolf's Woods to-day. More than 100 men and women washed each others feet, and this was supplemented by the laying on of hands for the healing of the sick. Five thousand people assembled about the Taberna-cie where the religious meetings are held. On either side of the altar had been placed two

large tubs of water. One was for the women and the other for the men. Hymns were sung and then when all was hushed two men and two women in the audience arose and walked to the altar. Each donned a long apron. They then sat down upon the altar rall, and removed their shoes and stockings. One woman remained seated on the rail, and placed her right foot in the tub of water. The other woman kneit and carefully washed it, and then dried it with a towel. The left foot was treated in a similar manner. Meanwhile the congregation remained in the most profound silence.

When the first woman's feet had been washed she kneit, and her companion sat upon the altar rail and had her feet treated in a like manner. When they had finished, without saying a word they again put on their shoes and stockings, laid aside their aprons and kissed each other, and returned to their seats in the congregation.

While this was in progress, the two men had gone through a ceremony exactly similar to it. They also ended by embracing and kissing each other. One woman remained seated on the rall, and

other.

In this way pairs of men and women patronized the tubs of water until over one hundred persons had had their feet washed. All enmittes among members are supposed to be washed away by this performance.

DIEDTAT THE AGE OF 117. Parkersburg, W. Va., Aug. 19.-Mrs. Eunice Conrad, the oldest woman west of the Alleghenies, died yesterday at her home in Gilmer County, at the age of 117 years. Mrs. Conrad's memory was

A FINE LOT OF HORSEFLESH. THE FLEETWOOD MEETING. TALK ABOUT THE HORSES. Practical Results-13 Years' Work.

EIGHTEEN MILLION ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTY

WIDOWS AND ORPANS Porty million deliars already saved living policy hold-Members. Two Hundred and Sixty Million Dellars insur-ance in force. Three Million Six Hundred Thousand Cash practical results already recorded to the credit

MUTUAL RESERVE FUND LIFE ASSOCIATION E. B. HARPER, President.

Home Office, Mutual Reserve Building, Broadway, corner of Duane-st., New-York, Send for circulars and rates.

SELECTIONS FROM THE MAIL.

SMALL EXPORTS AND LOW PRICES. THE PROB-ABLE CROPS FOR THE LAST THREE YEARS. To the Editor of The Tribune.

Sir: Exports of wheat are disappointing. In July, the first month of the new crop year, the quantity exported from all points, flour included, 124,963 bushels in the same month last year. exports of flour, but of wheat only 5,547,944 bush els went out, against 12,444,713 bushels last year. This decrease was not mainly due to the nearly complete paralysis on the Pacific Coast, whence only 39,000 bushels were exported, against 1,189, were only about 5,400,000 bushels, against 11,300,-000 bushels last year. The crop year, therefore,

D, were 163,316,675 bushels, so that at least bushels less at the end than at the beginning of the year. Yet the Government reports a yield of only 296,131,725 bushels. It was hardly worth while to pretend for the first time to know the exact quantity in bushels, in an estimate de-

previous crop estimates, which were 612,000,000 making 1,524,000,000 bushels in the three years. But it is demonstrable that the yield must have been at least 1,710,000,000 bushels in these years, and the Government total was probably 228,000,000 bushels out of the way. The following shows visible supply at the beginning and end of the the actual exports officially reported, and the yield indicated by these records and the March returns of wheat in farmer's hands:

| 1891 | Set exports. Consumption. Disposals. | Supply | 12.583.601 | 1891-2 | 225.787.149 | 357.000.000 | 552.767.149 | 359.071.643 | 1892-3 | 191.17.259 | 361.000.000 | 552.577.259 | 559.877.452 | 1893-4 | 163.316.675 | 368.800.000 | 532.116.073 | 569.619.387 | 1894. July | 54.857.700 | 54.857.700 |

Totals, 580,001,083 1,086,800,000 1,722,058,083 1,722,058,083 It would be absurd to assume no greater quantity of invisible wheat in the country July 1, 1894, than there was at the point of extreme depletion July 1, 1891, when the visible supply as above stated was only 12,583,601 bushels. It may be assumed with safety that the commercially available stock of wheat in the country at the end of a crop year is at least one-half greater than the visible supply, which would make the available stock at least 20,000,000 bushels larger than in 1891 outside of visible supply, and the production in the three years must be as much larger, so that the last year's crop seems to have been about 530,000,000 bushels, against 560,000,000 bushels in 1892, and 640,000,000 bushels in 1891, or 1,730,-000,000 bushels in three years, against 1,524,000,000

bushels estimated by the department. Indications at present are that the yield this year is somewhat larger than it was in 1893. Minesota and the Dakotas claim 125,000,000 bushels, against 77,000,000 bushels reported by the department last year. Other State reports quite enerally promise more than the department allows. The larger movement this year in spite of phenomenally low prices is an indication not apt to be erroneous. It will therefore be assumed, until further information, that the crop year starts with about 82,000,000 bushels commercial wheat in the country and a yield of about 530,-000,000 bushels, against which increasing population may require 320,000,000 bushels for food and 56,000,000 bushels for seed. This would leave for export more than 236,000,000 bushels, a quantity larger than foreign countries seem in the least W. M. G. likely to require. New-York, Aug. 18, 1894.

FALSIFIED RAILROAD REPORTS. A REMEDY IN THE HANDS OF THE STOCK EX-CHANGE-CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS

To the Editor of The Tribune. Sir: The sincere thanks of the entire community

are due you for your recent trenchant articles on the subject of railroad reform. It is to be hoped that these will be continued until some feasible plan shall be adopted whereby stockholders, as well as bondholders, shall be protected, and a more honest system of bookkeeping adopted. The evil has become a gigantic one, and the frauds

perpetrated overwhelming. Low as values have sunk on the Stock Exchange, the wonder is that railroad stocks have any value at all. For the stockholders themselves little sympathy is felt, because they select the directors who run the road, and generally wreck it. For bondholders the case is different. Widows and orphans are found here in the moun-tains who not only have all of their income cut off, but are compelled to sell their bonds at a loss of from 15 to 20 per cent to obtain the means for their support, while the presidents of these wrecked com-panies are living in luxury at the rate of from \$20,000, to \$75,000 per year as receivers of the com-

100,000, to \$75,000 per year as receivers of the companies they have wrecked.

The correction of the evil is largely, if not entirely, in the hands of the New-York Stock Exchange. Let them relentlessly refuse to deal in the securities of any road that will not permit an independent expert to examine their books, and publish reports whenever called for.

And, now, Mr. Editor, has no crime been committed against the laws of our land? Are these robber barons "to go unwhipped of justice" while hundreds and thousands of innocent wildows and orphans have been robbed of their property by their misrepresentation and false statements. Aiready

Mr. Reinhart has been sued in the civil courts for damages. Let the leading bankers of Wall Street institute at once criminal proceedings against Reinhart and McLeod and Oakes and Villard, and bring them to the bar of justice. One single conviction as a criminal would do more to arrest it in the future than perhaps any other action which could be taken. That they are liable to such action can scarcely admit of a doubt.

Lake Placid, Aug. 18, 1894.

AN ENTHUSIASTIC VISITOR. WAXES ELOQUENT OVER THE CHARMS OF ELIZABETHTOWN

Sir: Senator Hill and The Tribune are not alone

In asking the Congress of the United States to something or nothing, and that pretty quick." same desire finds expression at the summer resorts, and is joined in most reverently by the hotel men and the keepers of summer boarding-houses. You vill hardly be able to find a hotel man, however, who will confess to a "failing off" of patronage at who will contess to a large the best of the Democratic "hard times" may affect the house across the way, or the houses at other resorts, but the hotel under con-sideration is "full," or will be "next week"—and f not next week, the week after. At any rate, it is always hard to get good rooms, as they are gen erally engaged ahead by a "family from Boston" or "a party from New-York." Seriously speaking, though, I think this favorite spot in the Adirondacks has its full quota of guests, and that the ast year. Two years ago we had the cholera scare last year the World's fair and the accession to power of the Democratic party, and this year the Debs strike and the Sugar Trust. But for the indifast of June, and another few of the last of July, or yeather-for the most part, bright, cool days and universally sleepful nights. Nothing is needed for

s the only warrant I offer for speaking advisedly of ing to Rome to see the Pope and putting up with a parish priest," but we who have been through the vilderness, from Paul Smith's to Blue Mountain Lake, not omitting Mirror Lake, which does the business for Lake Placid, with "John Brown's Grave" thrown in for ballast, ought to know what delightful of the mountain resorts of the country. Especially is this true for those who are fond of utiful Bouquet, which the artist, James Hart, has nd Hurricane and Glant, to say nothing of Cob

Hill, which is mountainous enough for short-minded pedestrians, and Wood Hill, which would be a godsend to any desert on earth. In fact, if there is a prettler mountain view than one catches, all at once, as he rounds out of the wooded road that leads from Westport and comes suddenly into the open, disclosing, like a picture thrown upon the screen, the lovely village of Elizabethhown, sequestered in "Pleasant Vailey," and lying cosily, as it seems to the arrested vision, at the very foot of the mountains, which rise on every side in a magnificent amplitheatre—if there is a prettier quiet view than this on earth. I haven't seen it.

To come upon this view just as the sun is gliding the western clouds and flooding the crests of the mountains, is to awaken a dream of paradise. Nor is the vision weakened as you descend into the vailey and enter the pleasant street of the village. There is a feeling of homeness that selzes upon the stranger first entering Elizabethtown. There are no struggling outskirts, no backdoor views; but from the first to last a series of pleasant cottages on wide avenues, with foliage and nentity cropped lawns that speak of a wise content and respectability.

For years Elizabethtown was one of the mam gateways to the Adirondacks; and everybody who wanted to "get in" came this way. That was before the Chateaugay from Plattsburg, and the Webb from Herkimer and Utica. The completion of those thoroughfares has taken away much of the travel from Elizabethtown, but has not disturbed any of the charms to which I have alluded. Before it was sought as a key to other charms; now it is able to stand upon its own. It is said that when the Westerner makes his "pile" he generally comes to New-York and the seaside to settle down and spend it; and so, when the restive seeker for mountains and lakes has "done" Loon and St. Regia and Saranac and Keene Valley, and paddled and "camped out" to his heart's content, he comes to Elizabethtown to drive and ride and play whist and associate with good company and enjoy

least 1,710,000,000 bushels in these years, least 1,710,000,000 bushels in the years, least have seen the sun rise from my perch on the Rigi, have classified the cloud tints that variegate the blue sky over the Bay of Naples, have even grown poetic over the sunsets that settle over Hoboken, but no sunsets that I have seen equal those that are on exhibit almost daily from the west porch of the Windsor at Elizabethtown. I have even seen Judge Sackett, who is here on his nineteenth summer outing, leave the whist table with three winning trumps in his hand and grow eloquent over the cloud pictures that arrange themselves above the outlines of the Hurricane range on these lovely afternoons.

My private opinion is that a trip to and a sojourn in Elizabethtown until after the adjournment of Congress is the best possible antedote for the blues.

Elizabethtown, N. Y., Aug. 14, 1894.

STATE POLICE FOR RIOT DUTY. PLAN TO AVOID THE CALLING OUT OF MILITIA EXCEPT AS A LAST RESORT.

To the Editor of The Tribune. Sir: The calling out of the State militia for the suppression of riots arising from labor troubles is always attended with a great deal of dissatisfaction among the troops, disturbing discussions amon the people and an enormous expense to the State These citizen-soldiers are liable to be called out at any time to oppose their own fellow-workmen, or even their intimate personal friends. As a rule they can be relied upon to perform their duty, but it would be only human nature for them to revolt, in mind, at least, against taking extreme measures that might involve the firing upon friends with whom at heart they are in full sympathy.

The militia of this State consists of 12,810 officers and enlisted men, and is made up of most valuable material for general military purposes, but in no sense adapted to do the most efficient work in suppressing local disturbances. Fifty of brawny and well-disciplined policemen would sub-due a riotous mob quicker, more effectively and with less loss of life than could 500 of our best militiamen; and no State has better.

Could we have a State police force of, say, 1,000 men, whose special duty it should be to protect life

Could we have a State police force of, say, 1,000 men, whose special duty it should be to protect life and property in any part of the State, to assist local police forces when called upon, and always to be called out in serious disturbances before the militia is ordered out, a large amount of money would be saved and greater security guaranteed. Such a force, one-tenth, or one company, being mounted, under the command of an experienced officer like one of our police inspectors, in suppressing riots quickly and without cumbersome and costly preparations, would be more available and effective than our entire militia.

The force should be divided up and stationed as companies in different sections of the State. The men, always ready for action, could be mobilized at any point of disturbance upon the shortest notice. In some cases the men could also do regular duty on local police forces, the expense being divided between town, county and State. An important advantage in this distribution would be that local prejudices and affiliations would largely be overcome, especially if the men were frequently transferred from one section to another, as they should be to familiarize them with the points that may at any time become the scenes of action.

With such a force established, or even one of 600 men to begin with, our militia would be spared an incalculable loss of time and trouble. For in the majority of cases the militiamen are so situated, as working men, that to answer a call to active duty or a prolonged stay at the armory means a far greater loss of money than the State can recompense them for, and in some cases it is equivalent to the losing of permanent positions. Five hundred picked men ready for quick, decisive work, with our splendid, but more unwieldy and less experienced militia behind them as a reserve, would some times save the calling out of 5,000 unwilling men. Such a force would stand as a constant warning to organized disturbers of the peace, and as alert, reliable and unprejudiced guardians of life

HONOR TO WHOM HONOR IS DUE. To the Editor of The Tribune.

Str: In The Tribune of August 17 the statement is made "that at the Chicago Convention of 186) Burton C. Cook placed the name of Abraham Lincoin in nomination for the Presidency, and again coin in nomination for the Presidency, and again at Baltimore in 1864." The latter statement is correct, but not the first.

In 1860 Norman B. Judd, who at that time was the acknowledged leader of the Republican party in Illinois, being chairman of the Illinois delegation which represented that State in the Convention of 1860, chairman also of the State Executive Committee, and member from Illinois of the National Executive Committee of the Republican party, was

" Silver Plate that Wears'

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tion for the Fresidency,
During Mr. Lincoln's Administration Mr. Judd
represented the United States as Minister to the
Court of Prussia, and after his return, in 1865, represented the Chicago district for some years jn-Con-

Seneca Falls, N. Y., Aug. 18, 1901.

PERSONAL GOVERNMENT IN FRANCE POWERS OF THE EXECUTIVE, THEORETICAL AND

ACTUAL-M. CASIMIR-PERIER'S COURSE. To the Editor of The Tribune.

sonal Government in France," has suggested to me some thoughts on this subject. The constitutional struct a bridge over which monarchy might re ecutive naturally found themselves in these laws. tioned in your editorial. M. Casimir-Perier will not M. Thiers was compelled to resign under the pressure of a vote of want of confidence, and General around by an aristocratic Senate and a President this Chamber had become assertive and aggressive. In 1877 the soldier-President had, with the co-operaton of a complacent Senate, dissolved the Chamber of the Government. The President was charged condemned him. Although his term of office was unexpired he was told to submit or resign. Mac-Mahon then voluntarily gave up power. M. Grevy, who succeeded MacMahon, and had established a regime of presidential inertia, was compelled to resign, and was replaced by Carnot. Neither of these Presidents sent messages to the Chamber.

France does not want a personal hero in M. Casimir-Perier any more than they wanted one in Boulanger. Carnot was an ideal President, and, if he had lived, would have been re-elected. The history of the Third Republic would indicate that if M. Casimir-Perier attempts to exercise his strict constitutional rights he will go down, as Thiera, MacMahon and Grevy did.

In the United States we are used to exhibitions of Executive power, within and without the Constitution, and that may be the reason why some Americans advise M. Casimir-Perier to fly in the face of republican tradition in France.

HENRY C. LOCKWOOD.

THE BLOSSOMING OF THE GOLDEN ROD

blossom then. Here to-day it has just begun to look full and yellow. A week ago, seeing some in a florist's, I asked him where it came from. He answered: "Oh, we get it from around Portiand, further south; it won't be in blossom here for another week." And he spoke as if that were the usual thing. A remembrance of fifteen Septembers spent at Intervale, N. H., tells me that it was in full blossom then in that month.

Bar Harbor, Me., Aug. 18, 1894.

IS IT AN ANSWERING SIGNAL FROM MARS?

Sir: Since reading of the b served on the planet Mars, I have thought that it may be intended as an answering signal to the bright spot which must have been seen by then on this planet.

From Eldorado to Manhattan Beach the distance is probably ten miles; from Staten Island and Long

is probably ten miles; from Staten Island and Long Branch to Rockaway the distance is about five miles, making fifty square miles.

For several years this area, with the cities of New-York, Brooklyn, Jersey City and Newark, with the numerous roof gardens, has been for four months each year every evening from 8 o'clock until 12 o'clock brilliantly lighted. The inhabitants of Mars, seeing this bright spot periodically, may have regarded is as a signal to them.

As an inexpensive way to signal, if all the roof gardens, with Manhattan Beach and Eldorado, would on some evening after the moon had passed and the night was clear extinguish the lights at 9 o'clock, and, after an interval of ten minutes, light them again, and repeat this three times at half-hour intervais during the evening, if any change is noticed on the spot on Mars we must believe they wish to converse with us.

Brooklyn, Aug. 18, 1894.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

CLOUDY WEATHER, WITH VARIABLE WINDS.

Washington, Aug. 19.—The pressure remains relatively higher in the Gulf States, the Upper Mississipp and the upper lake region. It is low in the St. Lawrence Valley and to the north of Montana. The pressure has fallen slightly in the Middle Atlantic States and has risen in the upper Missouri Valley and remained sta-tionary in the other districts.

thenary in the other districts.

The temperature has failen in the Middle States and the Ohio Valley; has risen in the upper lake region, and has remained stationary in the other regions. Local rains and thunderstorms have occurred in the Ohio Valley and the Middle Atlantic States, and fair weather has prevalled elsewhere. The temperature will probably rise slightly in the Middle States and the Ohio Valley, but generally it will remain stationary. Local rains and thunderstorms may occur in the Middle States and the lake regions, but the weather will be generally fair.

For Maine, New-Hampshire and Vermont, increa cloudiness; south winds.
For Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut,

creasing cloudiness; southwesterly winds.

For Eastern New-York, increasing cloudiness with local
rains and thunderstorms; variable winds.

For Eastern Pennsylvania and New-Jersey, showers in

the early morning; fair Monday; southerly winds.

For the District of Columbia, Delaware and Maryland For Virginia, fair; variable winds.

For Virginia, fair; variaties winds.

For North and South Carollina, fair, except showers the coast; southwest winds.

For West Virginia, fair; warmer; variable winds.

For Western Pennsylvania, Western New-York and Ohio, fair, except showers near the lakes; warmer; variable winds. For Indiana, fair; variable winds.

TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.



In this diagram a continuous white line shows the changes in pressure as indicated by The Tribune's self-recording berometer. The broken line represents the temperature as observed a. Perry's Pharmacy. Tribune Office, Aug. 20, 1 a. m.—The cloudy weather

of yesterday continues. The temperature yester ranged from 73 to 8d degrees, the average (76%) be

PENNSYLVANIA LIMITED STANDS ALONS

The Pennsylvania Limited, which was the pioness limited express between New-York and Chicago, is the only train of its high class now in service between the two cities. It leaves Pennsylvania Railroad Station, New-York, every day at 1939 a. Band arrives in Chicago at 2,500 next morning, ea